IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application	Attorney	Attorney Docket No.: TRNDP009			
Application N	Examine	Examiner: Gee, Jason Kai Yin			
Filed: Octobe		Group: 2	Group: 2134		
Title: VIRUS	OF Confirma	Confirmation No.: 9224			
		through El	CERTIFICATE OF ertify that this correspond FS-WEB to the Commiss -1450 on November 18,	ioner for Patents, P.O. I	ed electronically
		Signed: _	/Kathryn Thr Kathryn Thro		_
AP	PLICANT IN	NITIATED II	NTERVIEW F	REQUEST FO	PRM
Commissioner P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, V.					
Tentative Part	icipants:				
1) Steven Chang3))		
Proposed Date Wednesday, N	e of Interview: November 19, 20)08 Pr	roposed Time: 3:	15 PM (Eastern	Time)
Type of Interv	iew Requested:				
	Shown or Demon brief description		s 🔲	No	
		ISSUES TO	BE DISCUSSED	<u>.</u>	
Issues (Rej., Obj., etc.)	Claims/ Fig., #s	Prior Art	Discussed	Agreed	Not Agreed
1)Rejection	1	Ramsey, Douglas, White			
2) Rejection	5	Ramsey			
3) Rejection	6	Ramsey			
4) Rejection	10, 17	Ramsey, Douglas, White			

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF AGRUMENTS TO BE PRESENTED:

1) <u>Claim 1</u> has been amended to more clearly recite the claim limitations. The present application teaches a virus sensor operable in a first mode where original data packets continue to their destination after they are copied creating copied data packets which are analyzed for computer viruses. See paragraph [0042]. When the virus sensor detects a virus sensor detects the computer virus, the virus sensor switches to a second mode where original data packets are analyzed and a subset of data packets determined to be infected or suspected of being infected are not returned to the network. See paragraph [0044].

The Ramsey reference does not teach switching over to the second mode from the first mode when a virus is detected. Instead, Ramsey teaches a firewall, intrusion detection system, and virus scanner operable in a number of modes (monitor, ignore) without discussing switching from one mode to another. All of the other cited references also do not discuss switching from one mode to another. Moreover, it is unclear which of these elements (firewall, intrusion detection system, virus scanner) the Examiner has characterized as being analogous to the virus sensor in claim 1.

- 2) <u>Claim 5</u> is not disclosed in the cited reference. Although Ramsey teaches employing different protocols for processing information (see col. 10, 9-13), Ramsey does not teach identifying the packet protocol associated with a data packet infected by a computer virus.
- 3) Claim 6 has been amended to more clearly recite the claim limitations. Although Ramsey teaches employing user-defined rules to determine whether a packet can pass through the firewall (see col. 10, 7-9), Ramsey does not explicitly teach the use of a packet protocol identifier to select packets.

4) Claims 10 and 17 have been amended to more clearly recite the claim limitations.
Applicants have amended claims 10 and 17 to clarify that monitoring in an inline mode
occurs in response to determining that at least one of the copied packets is infected or
suspected of being infected with the computer virus. As discussed above in issue #1,
the cited references do not disclose this limitation.

/Steven Chang/	
(Applicant/Applicant's Representative)	(Examiner/SPE Signature)
Signature)	

1. (Proposed Amendment) In a distributed network of interconnected computing devices, a network virus monitor, comprising:

a virus sensor operable in a number of modes arranged to detect a computer virus in the network such that the bandwidth of the network is **minimally affected substantially unaffected** in a first mode in that **original** data packets continue to their destination after they are copied creating copied data packets which are analyzed for the computer virus, and wherein when the virus sensor detects the computer virus, the virus sensor switches to a second mode, wherein original data packets are analyzed and a subset of data packets determined to be infected or suspected of being infected are not returned to the network and wherein the virus monitor is able to automatically collect network environment data and assign an IP address to itself, and wherein the virus monitor automatically locates a controller in the network and registers itself with the controller, from where the virus monitor receives a rule set and an outbreak prevention policy (OPP).

6. (Proposed Amendment) A monitor as recited in claim 5, wherein the selected data packets **to be forwarded to the virus monitor** are each associated with the data packet protocol associated with the computer virus such that only those data packets associated with the identified data packet protocol are selected from the network.

10. (Proposed Amendment) A method of monitoring a distributed network of computing devices for a computer virus at a virus monitor coupled to the distributed network, comprising:

monitoring a flow of data packets in the network for the computer virus without substantially reducing the flow of data packets <u>in a standby mode</u>, wherein data packets continue to their destination after they are copied creating copied data packets which are analyzed for the computer virus, thereby preserving network bandwidth-in a standby mode;

determining that at least one of the copied data packets is infected or suspected of being infected with the computer virus;

monitoring the flow of data packets in an inline mode <u>in response to said determining</u> wherein original data packets are analyzed and wherein data packets that are determined to be infected or suspected of infection are not returned to the flow of data packets; and

initializing the virus monitor by automatically:

collecting network environment data;
assigning an IP address to the virus monitor;
locating a controller in the network; and
registering the virus monitor with the controller, from where the virus monitor
receives a rule set and an outbreak prevention policy.

(OPP).

17. (Proposed Amendment) A computer-readable medium storing computer code for monitoring a distributed network of computing devices for a computer virus at a virus monitor coupled to the distributed network, the computer-readable medium comprising:

computer code for monitoring a flow of data packets in the network for the computer virus without substantially reducing the flow of data packets, wherein data packets continue to their destination after they are copied creating copied data packets which are analyzed for the computer virus, thereby preserving network bandwidth in a standby mode;

computer code for determining that at least one of the copied data packets is infected or suspected of being infected with the computer virus;

computer code for monitoring the flow of data packets in an inline mode <u>in response to</u> <u>said determining</u> wherein original data packets are analyzed and wherein data packets that are determined to be infected or suspected of infection are not returned to the flow of data packets;

computer code for automatically collecting network environment data at the virus monitor;

computer code for automatically assigning an IP address to the virus monitor; and computer code for automatically locating a controller in the network and registering the virus monitor with the controller, from where the virus monitor receives a rule set and an outbreak prevention policy (OPP).